1	2	3	4	5	6
27	Chandigarh	11.3	4.5	26.2	22.4
28	D&N Haveli	8.0	0.3	2.38	Neg.
29	Daman & Diu	7.65	0.9	1.78	0.4
30	Delhi	268.0	172.8	868.8	739.6
31	Lakshadweep	6.3	4.2	0.2	Neg.
32	Pondicherry	28.0	3.2	8.92	Neg.

Demand of Edible Oil, Wheat and Rice of Maharashtra

2555. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) what was the demand of edible oil, wheat and rice of Maharashtra State for the year 1991 and whether the Government have fully met the demand; and

(b) if not, what are the reasons thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI TARUN GOGOI): (a) and (b) Maharashtra Government had placed its demand of imported edible oil at 1,68,000 tonnes for the Oil Year 1990-91 (November, 1990 to October, 1991) against which an allocation of 22,600 tonnes was made.

The allocation of imported edible oil depends upon the availability of stock with STC. Since Government had imported a quantity of only 1.08 lakh tonnes in the oil year 1990-91, the demand could not be met fully.

The demand and allotment of rice and wheat for the Public Distribution System from the Central Pool in respect of Maharashtra for the year 1991 is as under:—

(In '000 tonnes)

Demand		Allotment	
Rice	Wheat	Rice	Wheat
744.0	1635.0	570.0	1390.0

The allocations of rice and wheat from the Central Pool are made on a month to month basis, stating into account the demands received from States/Union Territories, the stocks in the Central Pool, seasonal availability, offtake trend, relative needs of States/Union Territories and other related factors. These allocations are supplemental to the open market availability of foodgrains.

Decentralisation of Food Corporation of India

2556. MISS SAROJ KHAPARDE: Will the Minister of FOOD be pleased to state:

(a) whether the functioning of the Food Corporation of India has been decentralised;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) if not, the reasons therefor and by when it is proposed to be decentralised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD (SHRI TARUN GOGOI): (a) to (c) Adequate decentralisation exists in different functional areas of Food Corporation of India (FCI). In this regard, the main aspects are indicated below:—

(i) The procurement of foodgrains is largely made through State Governments and other agencies. Direct procurement by FCI is relatively much less.